CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Listing of Claims:

We claim:

CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A load Load balancing apparatus for a data communications network, the apparatus comprising:

hash logic for computing a hash function on incoming data packets; and

a threshold detector connected to the hash logic for triggering, in response to utilization of downstream objects exceeding a predefined threshold, redefinition in the hash logic of parameters of the hash function from a first set of parameters to a second set of parameters for redistributing the data packets amongst the downstream objects; wherein,

the hash logic, in use, has means for directing the packets for routing to downstream objects in the network via a first routing path based on a hash computation using the first set of parameters, and, if the threshold is exceeded, for selectively directing the packets to one of the first routing path and a second routing path in dependence on separate hash computations using the first and the second sets of parameters for subsequent routing of the packets via the selected one of the first and second routing paths based on the results of one of the separate hash computations.

2. (original) An apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the hash logic in use has means for directing the data packet to the first routing path if the results of the separate hash computations coincide and otherwise means for directing the data packet to the second routing path.

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3. (currently amended) An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, further comprising a filter

connected to the hash logic for

selectively bypassing the hash logic for flows having a lifetime exceeding a predefined value.

4. (original) An apparatus as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the first routing path and the

second routing path, the first routing path comprising first routing logic connected to the hash

logic, and the second routing path comprising second routing logic connected to the hash logic,

wherein the first routing path is faster than the second routing path, and wherein, on the second

routing path, downstream objects are selected based on packet flow status.

5. (original) An apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein the first routing logic comprises at least

one network processor and the second routing logic comprises at least one general purpose

processor.

6. (currently amended) An apparatus as claimed in claim 4 or claim 5, wherein the second routing

logic is configured to detect a flow delimiter in a flow of data packets and, on detection of the

start indicator, to route the corresponding flow according to the hash function using the second

set of parameters.

7. (original) An apparatus as claimed in claim 6, wherein the second routing logic is configured

to detect flows of packets exceeding a predetermined inactivity time and to route such flows

according to the hash function using the second set of parameters.

8. (original) An apparatus as claimed in claim 7, wherein the second routing logic is configured

to detect flows of packets exceeding a predetermined lifetime and to direct such flows to the first

routing logic.

9. (original) An application specific integrated circuit comprising a load balancing apparatus as

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claimed in any preceding claim.

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10. (currently amended) A network infrastructure node comprising a load balancing apparatus as

claimed in any of claims claim 1 to 7.

11. (original) A data communications network comprising a network infrastructure node as

claimed in claim 10.

12. (original) A method of load balancing in a data communications network, the method

comprising:

computing a hash function on incoming data packets;

triggering, in response to utilization of downstream objects exceeding a predefined threshold,

redefinition of parameters of the hash function from a first set of parameters to a second set of

parameters for redistributing the data packets amongst the downstream objects; and,

directing the packets for routing to downstream objects in the network via a first routing path

based on a hash computation using the first set of parameters, and, if the threshold is exceeded,

selectively directing the packets to one of the first routing path and a second routing path in

dependence on separate hash computations using the first and the second sets of parameters for

subsequent routing of the packets via the selected one of the first and second routing paths based

on the results of one of the separate hash computations.

13. (original) A method as claimed in claim 12, comprising directing the data packets to the first

routing path if the results of separate hash computations coincide and otherwise directing the data

packets to the second routing path.

14. (new) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer

readable program code means embodied therein for causing load balancing in a data

communications network, the computer readable program code means in said article of

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manufacture comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect

the steps of:

computing a hash function on incoming data packets;

triggering, in response to utilization of downstream objects exceeding a predefined threshold,

redefinition of parameters of the hash function from a first set of parameters to a second set of

parameters for redistributing the data packets amongst the downstream objects; and,

directing the packets for routing to downstream objects in the network via a first routing path

based on a hash computation using the first set of parameters, and, if the threshold is exceeded,

selectively directing the packets to one of the first routing path and a second routing path in

dependence on separate hash computations using the first and the second sets of parameters for

subsequent routing of the packets via the selected one of the first and second routing paths based

on the results of one of the separate hash computations.

15. (new) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer

readable program code means embodied therein for causing load balancing in a data

communications network, the computer readable program code means in said article of

manufacture comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect

the steps of:

claim 13.

16. (new). A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of

instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for load balancing, said method

steps comprising the steps of claim 12.

17. (new) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer

readable program code means embodied therein for causing load balancing, the computer

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readable program code means in said computer program product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the functions of claim 1.

- 18. (new) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing load balancing, the computer readable program code means in said computer program product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the functions of claim 2.
- 19. A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing load balancing, the computer readable program code means in said computer program product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the functions of claim 3.
- 20. A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing load balancing, the computer readable program code means in said computer program product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the functions of claim 4.

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